

MONTHLY REPORT ON FISCAL-MACRO POSITION

June 2018

Prepared by:

Mohammad Fiznur Rahman, Senior Assistant Secretary Mohammad Mahabub Alam, Senior Assistant Secretary Mishkatul Tamanna, Assistant Chief Macroeconomic Wing Finance Division, Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh

Guided by:

Md. Azizul Alam, Additional Secretary & Dr. Altaf ul Alam, Joint Secretary Finance Division, Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh

Vol. XII, No. 12, June 2018, Fiscal Year 2017-18

Contents

1.	FISC	CAL SEC	TOR	03					
	1.1	Rev	enue Earnings	03					
	1.2	Gra	nts	03					
	1.3	Gov	vernment Expenditure	04					
	1.4	_	nposition of Revenue Expenditure	05					
	1.5		nposition of ADP Expenditure	05					
	1.6		lget Deficit	06					
	1.7		icit Financing	06					
	1.8		Sale and repayment of National Savings Certificates (NSC)						
2			Y SECTOR	06					
	2.1		netary and credit development	08					
	2.2		erve money Developments	08					
3			SECTOR	09					
	3.1		orts	09					
	3.2		orts (c & f)	09					
	3.3		nittance	10					
	3.4		hange Rate Movements	11					
	3.5	_	ernal Reserve	11					
	3.6		ance of Payments	12					
4			OR	13					
7	4.1		l Sector Indicators	13					
	4.2		ustrial Production	14					
	4.3		ation	15					
	4.5	111110	List of Tables	15					
Tab	اما	1.1	Revenue Earnings	03					
Tab		1.2		03					
Tab			Government Expenditures	03					
Tab		1.3		06					
Tab		1.5	Budget Balance	06					
-			Deficit Financing						
Tab Tab		1.6 2.1	Net Sale and repayment of NSC	06					
			Monetary and credit development						
Tab		2.2	Reserve money and money multiplier	08					
Tab		3.1	Export Performance	09					
Tab		3.2	Import Scenario	09					
Tab		3.3	Remittance Performance	10					
Tab		3.4	Exchange Rate Movements	11					
Tab		3.5	Foreign Exchange Reserve	12					
Tab	_	3.6	Balance of Payments	13					
Tab		4.1	Real sector indicators (Base year : 2005-06)	14					
Tab		4.2	Quantum Index of Manufacturing Industries (Base: 2005-06=100)	15					
Tab	le	4.3	Twelve-Month Average Inflation (National) (Base 2005-06)	16					
		1	List of Charts	25					
Cha		1.1	Monthly Trend of Revenue earnings (FY15-FY17)	03					
Cha		1.2	Monthly Trend of Current and Development Expenditures (FY 15-17)	04					
Cha		1.3	Sector wise share of Non-Development expenditure (FY 18)	05					
Cha		1.4	Sector wise share (%) of Development expenditure (FY18)	05					
Cha		1.5	Outstanding borrowing of government through NSC	07					
Cha		3.1	Monthly Trend of Exports	09					
Cha		3.2	Monthly Trend of Import Payments	10					
Cha		3.3	Monthly Trend of Remittances	10					
Cha		3.4	Period Average Exchange Rate Movements	11					
Cha		3.5	Outstanding stock of Gross Foreign Exchange Reserve at the end of the month	12					
Cha		4.1	GDP Growth Rate at current and constant prices (Base year 2005-06)	14					
Cha	rt	4.2	Quantum Index of Industrial Production (Base: 2005-06=100)	15					
Cha	rt	4.3	Trends of Point to Point Inflation (Base 2005-06=100)	17					
Cha	rt	4.4	Trends of Point to Point Inflation (Base 2005-06=100)	18					

Executive Summary

The June 2018 issue of the report on Fiscal-Macro position contains relevant data and analysis on the movement of major macroeconomic variables in the current month compared to the same period of the previous year. An overview of the report is given below:

Fiscal Sector

Revenue earnings indicated satisfactory growth by the end of FY17¹. During July-June of FY18, total revenue collection increased by 14.86 percent compared to the same period of previous fiscal year. On the other hand, total government spending increased by 22.9 percent during the same period.

Monetary Sector

Broad Money supply recorded 9.24 percent growth at the end of June 2018. This growth is attributable to 12.84 percent and -0.86 percent growth in Net Domestic Asset (NDA) and Net Foreign Asset (NFA) respectively. At the end of June 2018, reserve money grew by 4.04 percent from June 2017.

External Sector

During July-June of FY18, exports grew by 5.81 percent compared to 1.16 percent growth in the same period of the previous fiscal year. Import payments increased by 25.23 percent at the end of June 2018 while remittance inflow increased by 17.30 percent during the same period. Further, foreign exchange reserve stood at US\$ 32.92 billion at the end of June 2018, which is equivalent to import payments of 6.54 months.

Real Sector

Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS) reported a robust 7.86 percent real GDP growth in FY18 compared to 7.28 percent growth in FY17. During this period, per capita GNI reached to US\$ 1751 from US\$1610 at the end of FY17. The average rate of CPI inflation (12-month moving average) stood at 5.78 percent, of which, food and non-food inflation were 7.13 percent and 3.74 percent respectively at the end of June 2018. This inflation rate, on point-to-point basis, was 5.54 percent, of which, food and non-food inflation were 5.98 percent and 4.87 percent respectively at the end of June 2018. The Quantum Index of medium and large-scale manufacturing industries increased by 3.88 percent at the end of June 2018 from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

-

¹ FY17 stands for fiscal year 2016-17

1. FISCAL SECTOR

1.1 Revenue Earnings

Total revenue earning increased by 14.86 percent during July-June of FY18 compared to the same period of FY17. Growth rates of Tax and Non-tax revenue during this period were 17.33 percent and -4.22 percent respectively.

Table 1.1: Revenue Earning

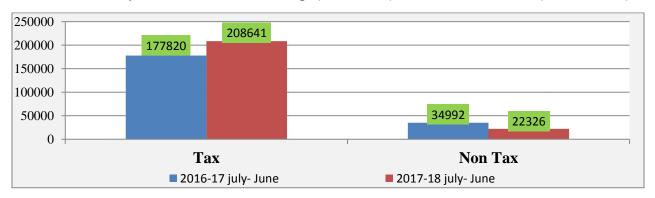
(In crore taka)

		Tax Revenue	Non-Tax	Total	
Period	NBR	Non-NBR	Total	Revenue	Revenue
2015-16 (Actual)	126335	5064	131399	16396	147795
2016-17 (Actual)	171524	6300	177824	22997	200821
Growth (%)	35.77	24.41	35.33	40.3	35.9
July - June FY17	171519	6299	177818	22992	200810
July - June FY18	201596	7043	208639	22021	230660
Growth(%)	17.54	11.81	17.33	-4.22	14.86

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

Chart 1.1: Monthly Trend of Revenue earnings (FY16-FY18)

(In crore taka)



Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

1.2 Grants

Actual grant receipts fell by 52.9 percent in FY17 compared to FY16. During July- June of FY18, grant receipt increased by 26.8 percent to TK. 809 Crore against TK. 698 Crore over the corresponding period of the last fiscal (table 1.2).

Table 1.2: Grants (In crore taka)

2015-16	2016-17	Growth	FY 17	FY 18	Growth (%) over
(Actual)	(Actual)	(%)	July-June	July-June	July- June of FY 17
1910	900	-52.9	638	809	26.8

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

1.3 Government Expenditure

According to iBAS database, total government expenditure increased by 9.2 percent during July-June of FY18 compared to the same period of the previous fiscal (Table 1.3). Similarly, development (ADP) expenditure increased by 29.6 percent within the same period. It may be noted here that, according to the report of Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation Division (IMED) of Ministry of Planning, ADP expenditure (without self-financing) stood at BDT 141492 Crore at the end of July- June of FY18, recording 40.91 percent increase over the same period of the last fiscal year.

Table 1.3: Government Expenditures

(In crore taka)

	FY 16	FY 17	Growth (%)	FY 17(July- June)	FY 18(July- June)	Growth (%) over (July- June), FY18
1. Current Spending	144456.0	161125.0	11.5	158187.0	189231.0	19.6
Pay and Allowances	39969.0	48760.0	22.0	48784.0	47116.0	-3.4
Goods and Services	18277.0	21585.0	18.1	21587.0	25038.0	16.0
Interest Payment	33107.0	31839.0	3.8	31524.0	55059.0	74.7
Domestic	31462.0	29998.0	4.7	29684.0	51522.0	73.6
Foreign	1645.0	1841.0	11.9	1840.0	3539.0	92.3
Subsidy and Transfer	52873.0	58744.0	11.1	56099.0	61828.0	10.2
Others	230.0	196.0	14.8	195.0	188.0	-3.6
2. Food Accounts	641.0	1324.0	106.6	3435.0	8487.0	147.1
3. Non-ADP Capital & Net Lending	15429.0	21553.0	39.7	21520.0	22318.0	3.7
Non-ADP Capital	12365.0	15205.0	23.0	15273.0	18678.0	22.3
Net Lending	1063.0	2477.0	133.0	2475.0	1244.0	-49.7
Non-ADP Project	138.0	2206.0	1498.6	2052.0	1355.0	0.0
FFW	1411.0	1457.0	3.3	1455.0	904.0	-37.9
Development Expenditure under Revenue Budget	452.0	208.0	54.0	210.0	141.0	-32.9
4. Annual Development expenditure	80076.0	77243.0	3.5	76636.0	99292.0	29.6
Total (1+2+3+4)	240602.0	261245.0	8.6	259778.0	319328.0	22.9
Total Spending (Percent of GDP)	13.8	13.2	4.3	13.1	14.4	9.2

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

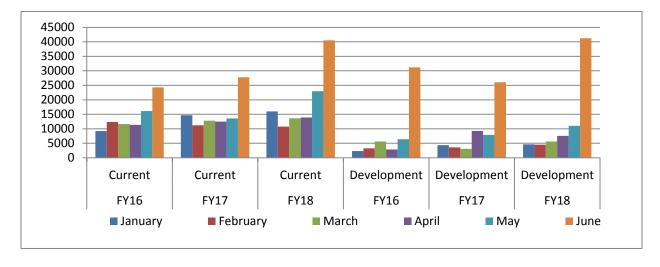


Chart 1.2: Monthly Trend of Current and Development Expenditure (FY 16-18)

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

1.4 Composition of Revenue Expenditure

As in July- June of FY18, spending on Interest payment was highest (26.5%) followed by education (16.0%) (Chart 1.3).

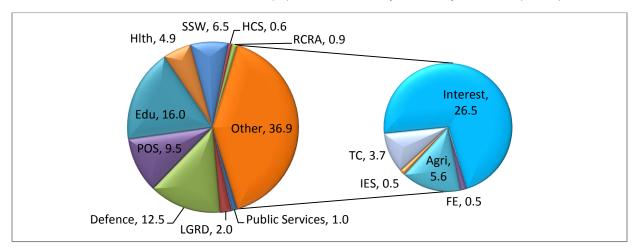


Chart 1.3: Sector wise share (%) of Non-Development expenditure (FY 18)

GPS = General Public Services, LGRD = LGD, RD & Cooperatives, CHTs, POS = Public Order and Safety, Edu = Education and Technology, Hlth = Health, SSW = Social Security and Welfare, RCRA = Recreation, Culture and Religious Affairs, Agri = Agriculture, Fisheries and Livestock, Land, Water Resources and Food, FE = Fuel and Energy, IES (industrial and economic services) = Industries, Jute, Textiles, Commerce, Labor & Overseas, TC = Transport and Communication

1.5 Composition of ADP Expenditure

Sector wise analysis of development expenditure shows that, up to the month of July- June FY18, highest share of spending went to Social Infrastructure (43.53%) followed by physical Infrastructure (39.3%)

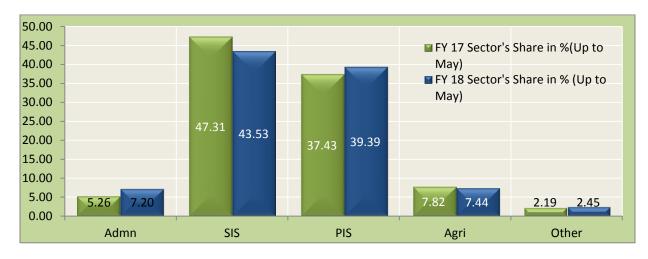


Chart 1.4: Sector wise share (%) of Development expenditure (FY18)

Admn = General Public Services, Defense, and Public Order and Safety; SIS = Social Infrastructure, covers Edu, health, Housing and SSW & LGRD; PIS = Physical Infrastructure, covers FE and Trans; Agri= Agricultural sector and others include RCRA and IES

1.6: Budget Deficit

Overall budget deficit including grants at the end of FY17 stood at 4.95 percent of GDP (Base year 2005-06), which was 3.55 percent in FY16. Overall budget balance including grants during July- June of FY18 records of BDT 88984 crore against a deficit of BDT 55702 crore of the same period of previous fiscal year.

Table 1.4: Budget Balance

(In crore taka)

Year	Overall Balance	Overall Balance as % of GDP
2015-16	67811	3.91
2016-17	-67446	-3.41
July - June FY17	-67446	-3.41
July - June FY18	-90123	-4.00

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

1.7 Deficit Financing

Domestic borrowing from the banking system decreased to BDT 8514 Crore in FY17 from BDT 10613 Crore in FY 16. On the other hand, borrowing from the non-bank sources increased to BDT 61322 Crore from 40181 Crore within the same period. Net borrowing from the external sources increased to BDT 13471 Crore in FY 17 from BDT 9020 Crore in FY 16. Borrowing from external sources is tk.7123 Crore in the period of July-June in FY 2018 decreased than previous year.

Table 1.5: Deficit Financing

(In crore taka)

	External	D	omestic	Total	Financing
Period	(net)	Bank	Non-Bank	Financing	as % of GDP
2015-16	15984	10614	41224	51838	2.93
2016-17	13100	-8379	62726	54347	2.70
July -June FY17	13100	-8379	62726	54347	2.75
July - June FY18	7243	28151	54719	82870	3.73

Source: Integrated Budgeting & Accounting System (iBAS), Finance Division

1.8 Sale and repayment of National Savings Certificates (NSC)

The sale of NSC during July- June of FY18 stood at Tk. 78784.7crore, which was 4.9 percent higher than that of the same period of the previous year. As a result, net borrowing through NSC stood at Tk. 46530.3 crore by the end of July- June of FY18 (Table 1.6).

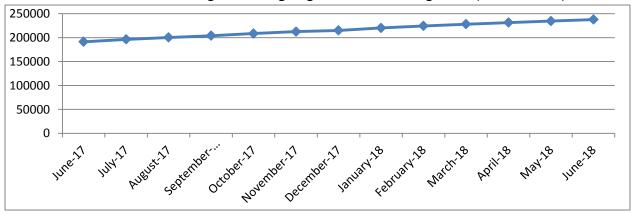
Table 1.6 Net Sale and repayment of NSC

(In crore taka)

Period	Sales	Repayment (Principal)	Net Sale	Outstanding at the end of period
2015-16	53712.5	20023.9	33688.6	135222.9
2016-17	75134.7	22717.3	52417.5	191236.2
Growth (%)	39.9	13.5	55.6	41.4
July - June FY 17	75134.7	22717.2	52417.8	1989790.0
July - June FY 18	78784.7	32254.4	46530.3	2612670.6
Growth (%)	4.9	42.0	-11.2	31.3

Source: National Savings Directorate

Chart 1.5: Outstanding borrowing of government through NSC (in crore taka)



Source: National Savings Directorate

2. MONETARY SECTOR

2.1 Monetary and credit development

Broad money (M2) increased by 9.24 percent at the end of June 2018 from June 2017. Among the sources of broad money, Net Domestic Assets (NDA) increased by 12.84 percent while Net Foreign Assets (NFA) decreased by -0.86 percent. Domestic credit recorded an increase of 14.7 percent at the end of June 2018 from June 2017 mainly due to 16.94 percent growth in credit to the private sector.

Table 2.1 Monetary and credit development

(Billion BDT)

	Outstanding stock at the end of period			Changes in outstanding stock	
Items	June 2016	June ^R 2017	June ^P 2018	June 2017 over June 2016	June 2018 over June 2017
A. Net Foreign Assets(NFA)	2331.4	2667.0	2644.1	335.6 (+14.4)	-22.9 (-0.86)
B. Net Domestic Asset(NDA)	6832.4	7493.8	8455.7	661.4 (+9.7)	961.9 (12.84)
a. Domestic Credit	8012.8	8906.7	10216.4	893.9 (+11.2)	1309.7 (+14.71)
Public Sector	1302.7	1146.1	1140.9	-156.6 (-12.0)	-528.4 (-0.46)
Govt. (Net)	1142.2	973.3	948.9	-168.9 (-14.8)	-24.4 (-2.51)
Other Public	160.5	172.8	192.0	12.3 (+7.7)	19.2 (+11.11)
Private sector	6710.1	7760.6	9075.5	1050.5 (+15.7)	1314.9 (+16.94)
b. Net Other assets	-1180.4	-1412.9	-1760.7	-232.5 (+19.7)	-347.8 (+24.62)
C. Broad Money(A+B)	9163.8	10160.8	11099.8	997.0 (+10.9)	939.0 (9.24)

Source: Monthly Economic Trends, Bangladesh Bank; ()-percentage changes

2.2 Reserve money Developments

Reserve money recorded an increase of 4.04 percent at the end of June 2018 over the same month of the previous year. At the same time, the value of reserve money multiplier increased to 4.8 at the end of June 2018 from 4.5 at the end of June 2017.

Table 2.2: Reserve money and money multiplier

(Billion BDT)

	Outstandin	g Stock at the en	Changes in Outstanding Stock		
Items	June	June	June	June 2017	June 2018
	2016	2017	2018	over	over
	2016	2017	2018	June 2016	June 2017
Reserve money	1932.0	2246.6	2337.4	314.58	90.81
				(+16.28)	(+4.04)
Money multiplier	4.7	4.5	4.75	-0.22	0.23

Source: Monthly Economic Trends, Bangladesh Bank; ()-percentage changes

3. EXTERNAL SECTOR

3.1 Exports

During July-June of FY18, export recorded 5.81 percent growth, which was 1.16 percent in the same period of the previous fiscal year. On year-to-year basis, export earnings grew by 1.16 percent and stood at US\$ 34.66 billion during FY17 compared to 9.77 percent growth in the previous fiscal year.

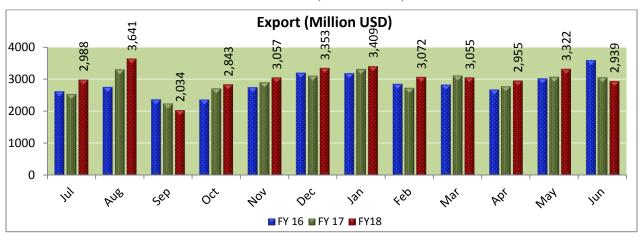
Table 3.1: Export Performance

(Million US\$)

	July-June 2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Export	36668.17	34655.90	34257.18
Growth (%)*	5.81	1.16	9.77

Source: Export Promotion Bureau, *Growth over the same period of the previous time

Chart 3.1: Monthly Trend of Exports



Source: Export Promotion Bureau

3.2 Imports (c & f)

Import payments increased by 9.0 percent and stood at 47.0 billion during FY17 compared to 5.94 percent growth in FY16. Up to June 2018, import payments increased by 25.23 percent compared to 9.00 percent growth in the previous fiscal year. Letter of Credit (LC) opened and settled for import increased by a whopping 44.25 percent and 16.39 percent respectively in the same period (Table 3.2).

Table 3.2: Import Scenario

(Million US\$)

Period	2017-18 ^p July-June	2016-17 July-June	2015-16 ^R
Import payments	58865.30	47005.20	43122.50
Growth (%)	25.23	9.00	5.94
LCs Opened	69421.15	48125.92	43335.33
Growth (%)	44.25	11.05	0.62
LCs Settled	51530.56	44272.76	40076.19
Growth (%)	16.39	10.47	4.22

Source: Bangladesh Bank. Growth rate (%) over the same period of the previous fiscal year, R-Revised, P-Provisional

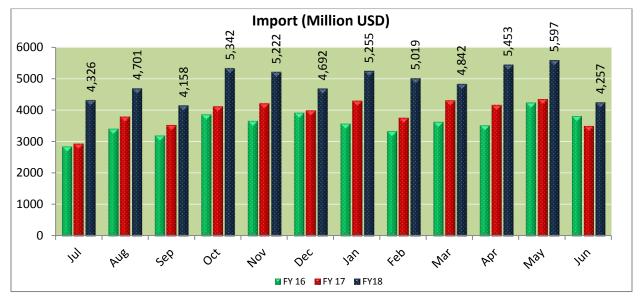


Chart 3.2: Monthly Trend of Import Payments

Source: Bangladesh Bank

3.3 Remittances

Remittances inflow fell by 14.5 percent during FY17 compared to the previous fiscal year's decrease of 2.5 percent. However, remittance inflow has rebounded in this fiscal year as it registered 17.3 percent growth up to June 2018 compared to a negative 14.5 percent growth in the corresponding period of FY17.

Table 3.3: Remittance Performance

(In million US\$)

	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18 July-June
Remittances	14931.16	12769.45	14978.86
Growth (%)	-2.52	-14.48	17.30
As % of GDP	6.74	5.11	5.46
As % of Export	43.58	36.64	40.85

Source: Bangladesh Bank

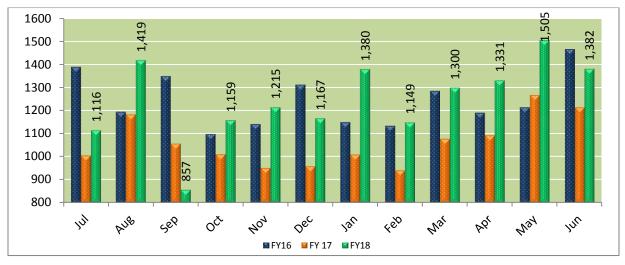


Chart 3.3: Monthly Trend of Remittances (Million US\$)

Source: Bangladesh Bank

3.4 Exchange Rate Movements

Local currency, BDT depreciated by 3.72 percent against US dollar in June 2018 from June 2017. Table 3.4: Exchange Rate Movements (Taka per US\$)

Period	Average	End of the period
2011-12	79.10	81.82
2012-13	79.93	77.77
2013-14	77.72	77.63
2014-15	77.67	77.81
2015-16	78.40	78.40
2016-17	79.12	80.60
	2017-18	
July	80.63	80.66
August	80.69	80.70
September	80.74	80.80
October	80.82	80.87
November	81.28	82.30
December	82.55	82.70
January	82.82	82.90
February	82.92	82.96
March	82.96	82.96
April	82.97	82.98
May	83.38	83.70
June	83.70	83.70

Source: Bangladesh Bank

84.00 82.00 80.00 79.00 78.00 The properties of the propertie

Chart 3.4: Period Average Exchange Rate Movements (BDT per US\$)

Source: Bangladesh Bank

3.5 External Reserve

The gross foreign exchange reserve stood at 32.92 billion at the end of June 2018, which is sufficient to cover import payments of 6.54 months based on average import liability of the previous 12 months. Notably, this reserve was recorded as US\$ 33.5 billion at the end of June 2017 from US\$ 30.2 billion at the end of June 2016.

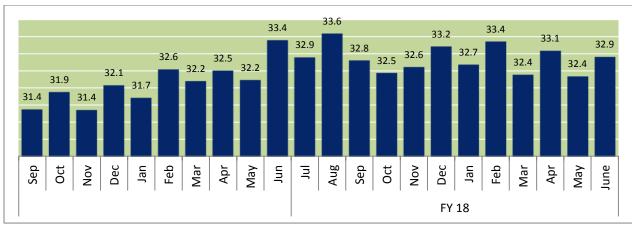
Table 3.5: Foreign Exchange Reserve

(Million US\$)

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	June 2018
Reserve	25025.50	30168.22	33493.0	32916.45
In months of import payment	6.65	8.40	8.20	6.54

Source: Bangladesh Bank

Chart 3.5: Outstanding Stock of Gross Foreign Exchange Reserve at the end of the month (Billion US\$)



Source: Bangladesh Bank

3.6 Balance of Payments (BOP)

The country's trade balance recorded a deficit of US\$ 18.3 billion at the end of June 2018 from a deficit of US\$ 9.47 billion in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year on the back of a wide mismatch between export and import growth. With the widening trade deficit and a moderate growth of remittances, the current account balance has reached at US\$ 9.78 billion deficit during July-June of FY18 from a moderate deficit of US\$ 1.33 billion in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year. Overall balance remains US\$ 0.89 billion deficit despite US\$ 9.08 billion surplus in the financial account at the end of June 2018.

Table 3.6: Balance of Payments

(Million US\$)

	2015-16	2016-17	2016-17 ^R July- June	2017-18 ^P July-June
Trade Balance	-6460	-9472	-9472	-18258
Current Account Balance	4262	-1480	-1331	-9780
Capital Account	464	314	400	292
Financial Account	944	4179	4247	9076
Overall Balance	5036	3169	3169	-885

Source: Bangladesh Bank. R=Revised, P= Provisional

4. REAL SECTOR

4.1 Real Sector Indicators

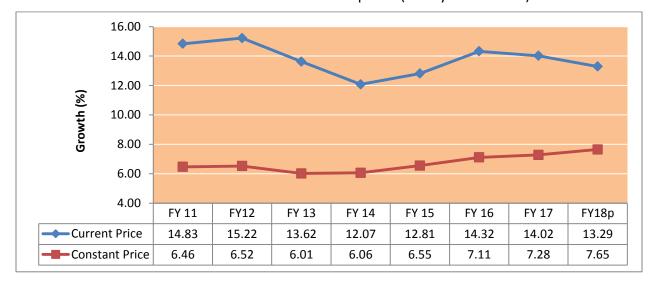
Bangladesh economy continued to maintain healthy growth as provisional estimates from Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS) reported 7.86 percent real GDP growth in FY18, supported by robust domestic demand, particularly private consumption and public investment. On the supply side, growth was driven mainly by industry (12.06 percent) and services (6.39 percent) with the sectoral composition of economy's output continuing to shift away from agriculture. At the same time, per capita GNI raised to US\$1751 at the end of FY18 from US\$1610 in FY17.

Table 4.1 Real sector indicators (Base year 2005-06)

Concepts	Unit	FY 13	FY 14	FY 15	FY16	FY17	FY18
GDP at constant prices	Billion Tk.	7,299.0	7,741.4	8,248.6	8,835.4	9,479.0	10,224.4
Growth	%	6.01	6.06	6.55	7.11	7.28	7.86
GDP at current prices	Billion Tk.	11,989.2	13,436.7	15,158.0	17,328.6	19,758.2	22,504.8
Growth	%	13.62	12.07	12.81	14.32	14.02	13.9
GNI at current prices	Billion Tk.	12953.5	14332.2	16142.0	18326.7	20607.2	23,531.1
Per capita GDP	Taka	78,009	86,266	96,004	108,378	122,152	137,518
Per capita GNI	Taka	84,283	92,015	102,236	114,621	127,401	143,789
Per capita GDP	US\$	976	1,110	1,236	1,385	1,544	1,675
Per capita GNI	US\$	1,054	1,184	1,316	1,465	1,610	1,751

Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

Chart 4.1: GDP Growth Rate at current and constant prices (Base year 2005-06)



Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

4.2 Industrial Production

The quantum Index of large and medium scale manufacturing Industries, which indicates production performance of the manufacturing industry, increased by 3.88 percent and stood at 340.32 at the end of June 2018 (table 4.2). It is to be noted that this growth rate was 11.2 percent and 13.5 percent in FY17 and FY16 respectively.

Table 4.2: Quantum Index of large and medium scale manufacturing industries (Base: 2005-06=100)

Period	Index	Growth Rate (%)*			
2010-11	157.89	16.90			
2011-12	174.92	10.80			
2012-13	195.19	11.60			
2013-14	213.22	8.20			
2014-15	236.11	10.74			
2015-16	267.88	13.46			
2016-17	297.89	11.20			
May 2017	327.32	16.37			
June 2018 ^P	340.32	3.88			

Source: BBS, P-Provisional, *Growth over the same period of the previous fiscal year

400 347.6 362. 361. 350. 340.3 351 333.2 307.5 307.2 350 300 250 200 150 Sep-16 Oct-16 Nov-16 Feb-17 Apr-17 Nov-17 Feb-18 Mar-18 Apr-18 Jun-18 Dec-16 Jan-17 Mar-17 May-17 Jun-17 Jul-17 Sep-17 Oct-17 Dec-17 May-18

Chart 4.2: Quantum Index of Manufacturing Industries (Base: 2005-06=100)

Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

4.3 Inflation

The average rate (12-month moving average) of inflation has eased down to 5.44 percent at the end of FY17 from 5.92 percent at the end of FY16 (table-4.3). However, general inflation edged up to 5.78 percent (twelve-month average basis) at the end of June 2018, of which food and non-food inflation were 7.13 percent and 3.74 percent respectively. On the other hand, point-

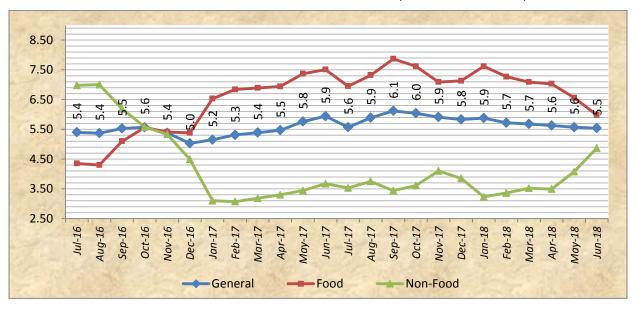
to-point inflation stood at 5.54 percent in the same month, of which, food and non-food inflation were 5.98 percent and 4.87 percent respectively (Chart 4.3).

Table 4.3: CPI Inflation (National) (Base 2005-06)

Fiscal Year	Twelve-Month Average Basis			Point to Point Basis				
	National	Food	Non-Food	National	Food	Non-Food		
2014-15	6.41	6.68	5.99	6.25	6.32	6.15		
2015-16	5.92	4.90	7.47	5.53	4.23	7.50		
2016-17	5.44	6.02	4.57	5.94	7.51	3.67		
	2017-18							
July	5.45	6.23	4.29	5.57	6.95	3.53		
August	5.50	6.48	4.03	5.89	7.32	3.75		
September	5.55	6.72	3.81	6.12	7.87	3.44		
October	5.59	6.89	3.65	6.04	7.62	3.61		
November	5.64	7.03	3.56	5.91	7.09	4.10		
December	5.70	7.17	3.50	5.83	7.13	3.85		
January	5.76	7.26	3.51	5.88	7.62	3.23		
February	5.80	7.30	3.54	5.72	7.27	3.36		
March	5.82	7.31	3.57	5.68	7.09	3.52		
April	5.83	7.32	3.58	5.63	7.03	3.49		
May	5.82	7.25	3.63	5.58	6.56	4.08		
June	5.78	7.13	3.74	5.54	5.98	4.87		

Source: Bangladesh Bank

Chart 4.3: Trends of Point to Point Inflation (Base 2005-06=100)



Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

Aug-16

Aug-16

Aug-16

Aug-16

Aug-16

Aug-16

Aug-17

Aug-18

Aug-17

Aug-18

Chart 4.4: Trends of Twelve-Month Average Inflation (Base 2005-06=100)

Source: Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

For Suggestions:

- 1. altafu@finance.gov.bd
- 2. frahman@finance.gov.bd
- 3. mtamanna@finance.gov.bd